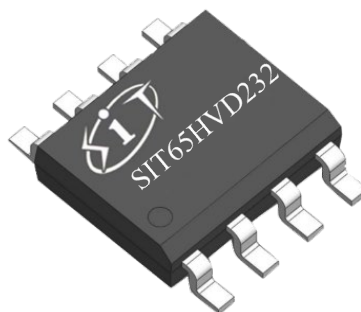


FEATURES

- Operates with a single 3.3V supply
- Compatible with ISO 11898-2 standard
- Bus pin ESD protection exceeds ± 16 kV HBM
- Up to 120 nodes can be connected
- Adjustable drive conversion time can improve radiation performance
- Designed for data rates up to 1 Mbps
- Thermal Shutdown Protection
- Open circuit fail-safe design
- Glitch free power up and power down protection for hot plugging applications

PRODUCT APPEARANCE

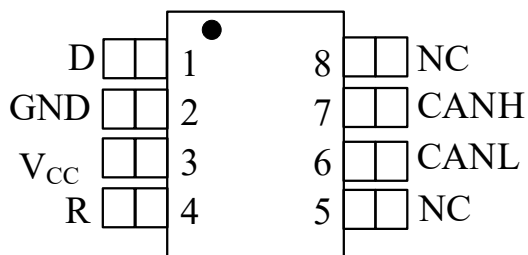


Provide Green and Environmentally
Friendly Lead-free package

DESCRIPTION

The SIT65HVD232 is the interface between the Controller Area Network (CAN) protocol controller and the physical bus. It is designed for use with the 3.3V μ Ps, MCUs and DSPs with CAN controllers, or with equivalent protocol controller devices. It is used in industrial automation, control, sensors and drive systems, motor and robotic control, building and climate control (HVAC), telecom and base station control and status. The devices are intended for use in applications employing the CAN serial communication physical layer in accordance with the ISO 11898 standard.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply voltage	V_{cc}		3	3.6	V
Maximum transmission rate	$1/t_{bit}$	Non return to zero code	1		Mbaud
CANH/CANL input or output voltage	V_{can}		-16	+16	V
Bus differential voltage	V_{diff}		1.5	3.0	V
Virtual junction temperature	T_{amb}		-40	125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

PIN CONFIGURATION

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
1	D	CAN transmit data input (LOW for dominant and HIGH for recessive bus states), also called TXD, driver input
2	GND	Ground connection
3	VCC	Transceiver 3.3V supply voltage
4	R	CAN receive data output (LOW for dominant and HIGH for recessive bus states), also called RXD, receiver output
5	NC	Not connected
6	CANL	Low level CAN bus line
7	CANH	High level CAN bus line
8	NC	Not connected

LIMITING VALUES

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Supply voltage	V _{CC}	-0.3~+6	V
DC voltage on D/R pins	D, R	-0.5~V _{CC} +0.5	V
Voltage range at any bus terminal (CANH, CANL)	CANL, CANH	-18~18	V
Transient voltage on pins 6, 7	V _{tr}	-25~+25	V
Receiver output current	I _O	-11~11	mA
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-40~150	°C
Virtual junction temperature	T _j	-40~125	°C
Welding temperature range		300	°C
Continuous total power dissipation	SOP8	400	mW
	DIP8	700	mW

The maximum limit parameters mean that exceeding these values may cause irreversible damage to the device. Under these conditions, it is not conducive to the normal operation of the device. The continuous operation of the device at the maximum allowable rating may affect the reliability of the device. The reference point for all voltages is ground.

DRIVER ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER		CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$V_{O(D)}$	Output voltage (Dominant)	CANH	$V_I=0V, R_L=60\Omega$ Fig 1, Fig 2	2.45		VCC	V
		CANL		0.5		1.25	
$V_{OD(D)}$	Differential output voltage (Dominant)		$V_I=0V, R_L=60\Omega$ Fig 1	1.5	2	3	V
			$V_I=0V, R_L=60\Omega, R_S=0V$ Fig 3	1.2	2	3	V
$V_{O(R)}$	Output voltage (Recessive)	CANH	$V_I=3V, R_L=60\Omega$ Fig 1		2.3		V
		CANL			2.3		
$V_{OD(R)}$	Differential output voltage (Recessive)		$V_I=3V$	-0.12		0.012	V
			$V_I=3V$, No load	-0.5		0.05	V
I_{IH}	High level input current		$V_I=2V$	-30			μA
I_{IL}	Low level input current		$V_I=0.8V$	-30			μA
I_{OS}	Short circuit output current		CANH=-2V	-250			mA
			CANH=7V			1	
			CANL=-2V	-1			
			CANL=7V			250	
C_O	Output capacitance		See receiver				
I_{CC}	Supply current		$V_I=0V$ (Dominant), No load		10	17	mA
			$V_I=V_{CC}$ (Recessive), No load		10	17	mA

(VCC=3.3V±10% and Temp=TMIN~TMAX unless specified otherwise; typical in VCC=+5V and Temp=25°C).

DRIVER SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
t_{PLH}	Propagation delay time (low-to-high level)	$R=0$, short circuit Fig 4		35	85	ns
		$R=10k\Omega$		70	125	
		$R=100k\Omega$		500	870	

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
t_{PHL}	Propagation delay time (high-to-low level)	R=0, short circuit Fig 4		70	120	ns
		R=10kΩ		130	180	
		R=100kΩ		870	1200	
t_{sk(p)}	Pulse skew (t _{PLH} - t _{PHL})	R=0, short circuit Fig 4		35		ns
		R=10kΩ		60		
		R=100kΩ		370		
t_r	Differential output signal rise time	R=0, short circuit Fig 4	25	50	100	ns
		R=10kΩ	80	120	160	
		R=100kΩ	600	800	1200	
t_f	Differential output signal fall time	R=0, short circuit Fig 4	40	55	80	ns
		R=10kΩ	80	125	150	
		R=100kΩ	600	825	1000	

(VCC=3.3V±10% and Temp=TMIN~TMAX unless specified otherwise; typical in VCC=+5V and Temp=25°C).

RECEIVER ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
V_{IT+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage	Table 1		750	900	mV
V_{IT-}	Negative-going input threshold voltage	Table 1	500	650		mV
V_{hys}	Hysteresis voltage	V _{IT+} - V _{IT-}		100		mV
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage	-6V < V _{ID} < 500mV, I _O = -8mA, Fig 5	2.4			V
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	900mV < V _{ID} < 6V I _O = 8mA, Fig 5			0.4	V
I_i	Bus input current	V _{IH} =7V, VCC=0V	100		350	μA
I_i		V _{IH} =7V, VCC=3.3V	100		250	μA
I_i		V _{IH} =-2V, VCC=0V	-100		-20	μA
I_i		V _{IH} =-2V, VCC=3.3V	-200		-30	μA
R_i	Input resistance	ISO 11898-2 standard	20	35	50	kΩ

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
R_{diff}	Differential input resistance	ISO 11898-2 standard	40		100	k Ω
C_i	Input capacitance	ISO 11898-2 standard		40		pF
C_{diff}	Differential input capacitance	ISO 11898-2 standard		20		pF
I_{CC}	Supply current	See driver				

(VCC=3.3V $\pm$ 10% and Temp=TMIN~TMAX unless specified otherwise; typical in VCC=+5V and Temp=25°C).

RECEIVER SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
t_{PLH}	Propagation delay time (low-to-high level)	Fig 6		35	50	ns
t_{PHL}	Propagation delay time (high-to-low level)	Fig 6		35	50	ns
t_{sk}	Pulse skew	$ t_{PHL} - t_{PLH} $			10	ns
t_r	Output signal rise time	Fig 6		1.5		ns
t_f	Output signal fall time	Fig 6		1.5		ns

(VCC=3.3V $\pm$ 10% and Temp=TMIN~TMAX unless specified otherwise; typical in VCC=+5V and Temp=25°C).

DEVICE SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$t_{(LOOP1)}$	Loop delay 1, driver input to receiver output, Recessive to Dominant	R=0, short circuit Fig 7		70	115	ns
		R=10k Ω		105	175	
		R=100k Ω		535	920	
$t_{(LOOP2)}$	Loop delay 2, driver input to receiver output, Dominant to Recessive	R=0, short circuit Fig 7		100	135	ns
		R=10k Ω		155	185	
		R=100k Ω		830	990	

(VCC=3.3V $\pm$ 10% and Temp=TMIN~TMAX unless specified otherwise; typical in VCC=+5V and Temp=25°C).

OVER TEMPERATURE PROTECTION

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Shutdown junction temperature	$T_{j(sd)}$		155	165	180	°C

(VCC=3.3V±10% and Temp=TMIN~TMAX unless specified otherwise; typical in VCC=+5V and Temp=25°C).

SUPPLY CURRENT

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Dominant power consumption	I_{CC}	$V_I=0V$, LOAD=60Ω		50	70	mA
Recessive power consumption	I_{CC}	$V_I=V_{CC}$, No load		6	10	mA

(VCC=3.3V±10% and Temp=TMIN~TMAX unless specified otherwise; typical in VCC=+5V and Temp=25°C).

FUNCTION TABLE

 Table 1 Receiver characteristics over common mode ($V_{RS}=1.2V$)

V_{IC}	V_{ID}	V_{CANH}	V_{CANL}	R OUTPUT	
-2 V	900mV	-1.55V	-2.45V	L	VOL
7 V	900mV	8.45V	6.55V	L	
1 V	6V	4V	-2V	L	
4 V	6V	7V	1V	L	
-2 V	500mV	-1.75V	-2.25V	H	VOH
7 V	500mV	7.25V	6.75V	H	
1 V	-6V	-2V	4V	H	
4 V	-6V	1V	7V	H	
X	X	Open	Open	H	

(1) H=high level; L=low level; X=irrelevant.

Table 2 Driver functions

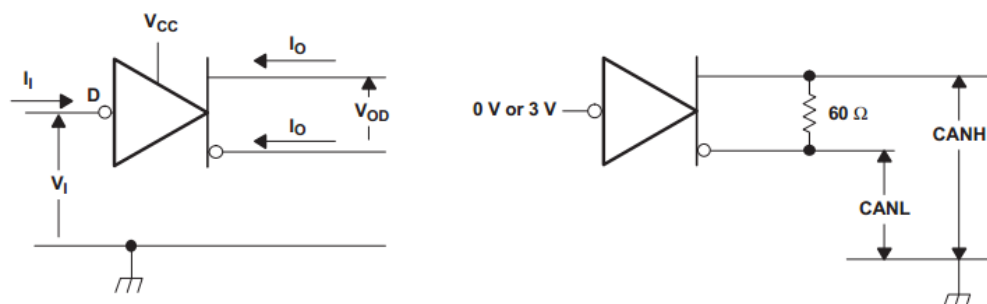
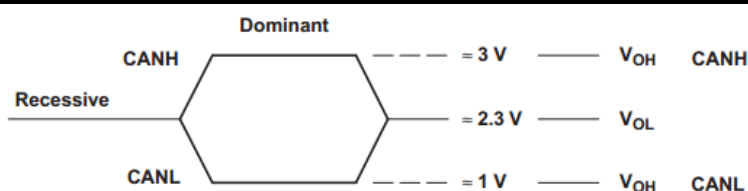
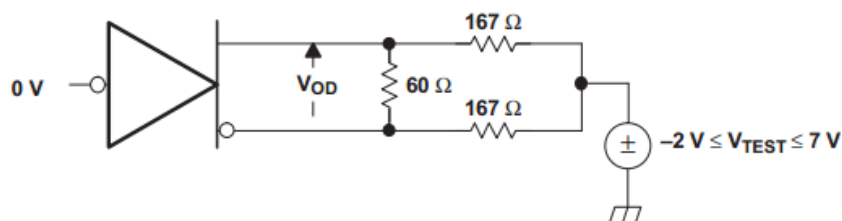
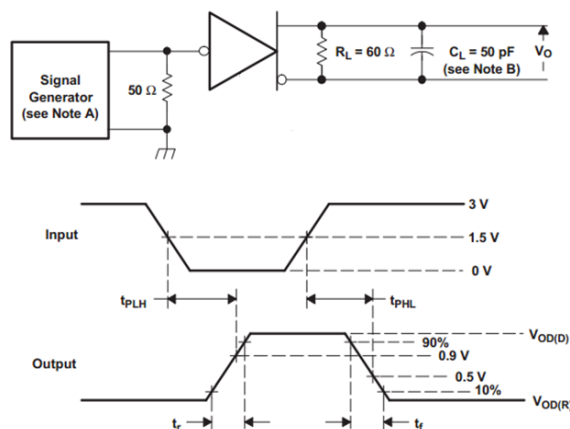
INPUT D	OUTPUTS		Bus state
	CANH	CANL	
L	H	L	Dominant
H	Z	Z	Recessive
X	Z	Z	Recessive

(1) H=high level; L=low level; Z=high impedance.

Table 3 Receiver functions

$V_{ID}=CANH-CANL$	R_S	OUTPUT R
$V_{ID} \geq 0.9V$	X	L
$0.5 < V_{ID} < 0.9V$	X	?
$V_{ID} \leq 0.5V$	X	H
Open	X	H

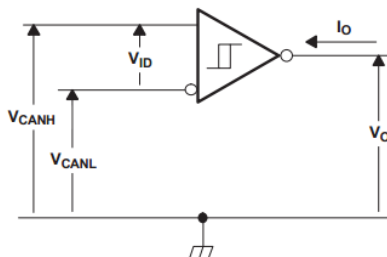
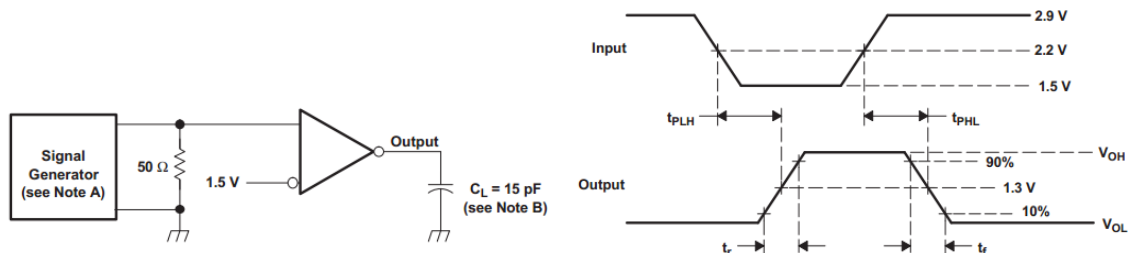
(1) High level; L=low level; ?=uncertain; X=irrelevant.

TEST CIRCUIT

Fig 1 Driver Voltage And Current Definition

Fig 2 Bus Logic State Voltage Definition

Fig 3 Driver V_{OD} Test Circuit


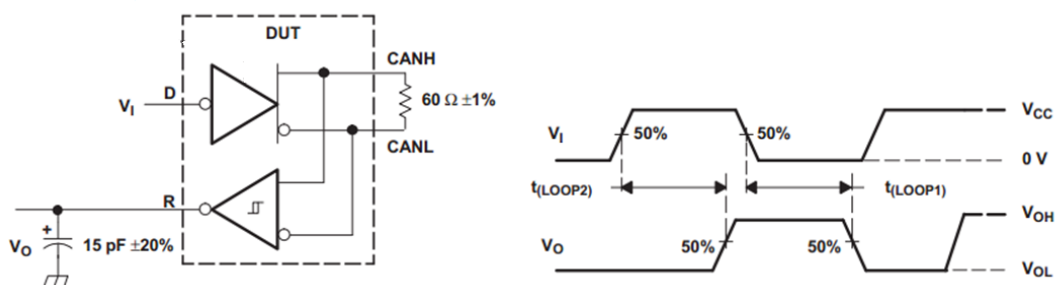
- A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: $PRR \leq 500\text{kHz}$, 50% duty cycle, $t_r < 6\text{ns}$, $t_f < 6\text{ns}$, $Z_o = 50\Omega$.
- B. CL includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within $\pm 20\%$.

Fig 4 Driver Test Circuit and Waveform

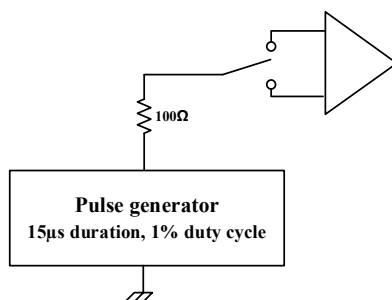
$$V_{IC} = \frac{V_{CANH} + V_{CANL}}{2}$$


Fig 5 Receiver Voltage and Current Definition


- A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: $PRR \leq 500$ kHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_r < 6$ ns, $t_f < 6$ ns, $Z_o = 50 \Omega$.
- B. C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within $\pm 20\%$.

Fig 6 Receiver Test Circuit and Waveform


- A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics, $PRR \leq 500$ kHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_r < 6$ ns, $t_f < 6$ ns, $Z_o = 50 \Omega$.

Fig 7 $t_{(LOOP)}$ Test Circuit and Waveform

Fig 8 Overvoltage protection

ADDITIONAL DESCRIPTION**1 Brief description**

The SIT65HVD232 is the interface between the Controller Area Network (CAN) protocol controller and the physical bus. It is designed for use with the 3.3V μ Ps, MCUs and DSPs with CAN controllers, or with equivalent protocol controller devices. It is used in industrial automation, control, sensors and drive systems, motor and robotic control, building and climate control (HVAC), telecom and base station control and status. The devices are designed for data rates up to 1 Mbps, and are intended for use in applications employing the CAN serial communication physical layer in accordance with the ISO 11898 standard.

2 Short-circuit protection

A current-limiting circuit protects the driver output stage of the SIT65HVD232 against short-circuits to positive and negative supply voltage. When short-circuit occurs the power dissipation increases but the short-circuit protection function will prevent destruction of the driver output stage.

3 Over-temperature protection

The SIT65HVD232 has an integrated over-temperature protection circuit. If the junction temperature exceeds approximately 160°C, the current in the driver stage will decrease. Because the driver stage dissipates most of the power, the power dissipation and temperature of the IC is reduced. All other parts of the chip remain operational.

4 Electrical transient protection

Electrical transients often occur in automotive applications. The CANH and CANL of the SIT65HVD232 are also protected against electrical transients.

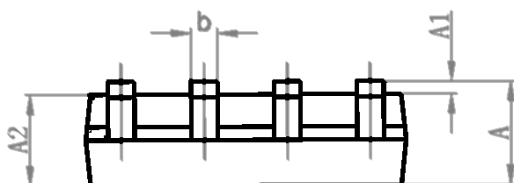
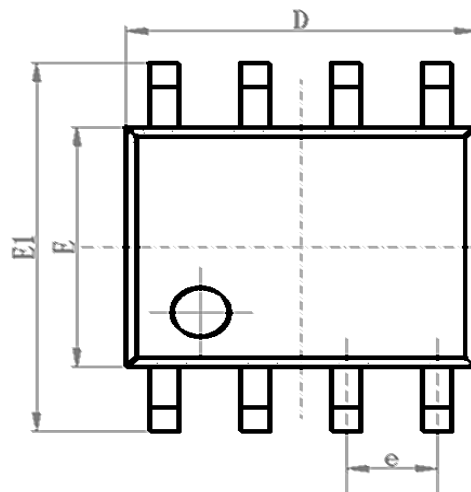
5 Control mode

The SIT65HVD232 provides a default operation mode: high-speed mode.

The high-speed mode of operation is commonly employed in industrial applications. High-speed allows the output to switch as fast as possible with no internal limitation on the output rise and fall slopes.

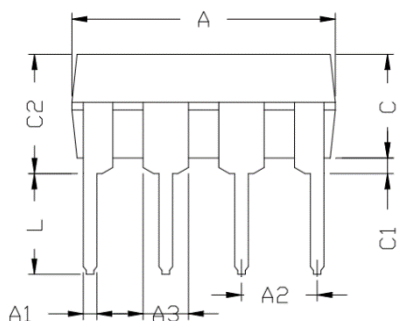
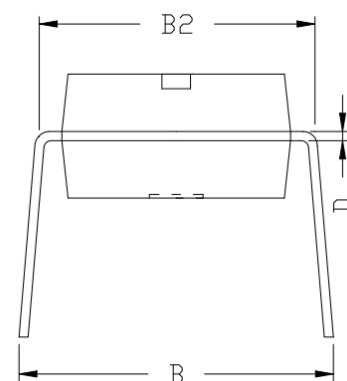
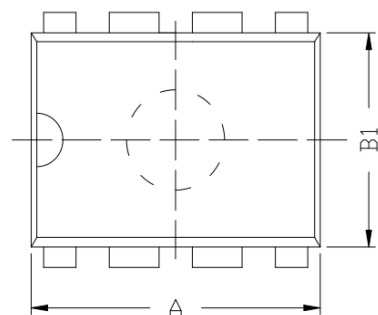
SOP8 DIMENSIONS
PACKAGE SIZE

SYMBOL	MIN./mm	TYP./mm	MAX./mm
A	1.40	-	1.80
A1	0.10	-	0.25
A2	1.30	1.40	1.50
b	0.38	-	0.51
D	4.80	4.90	5.00
E	3.80	3.90	4.00
E1	5.80	6.00	6.20
e		1.270BSC	
L	0.40	0.60	0.80
c	0.20	-	0.25
θ	0°	-	8°

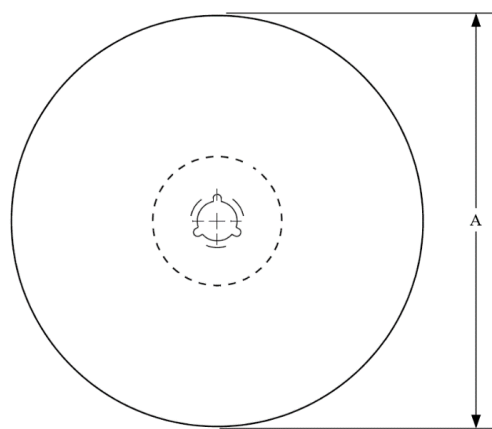


DIP8 DIMENSIONS
PACKAGE SIZE

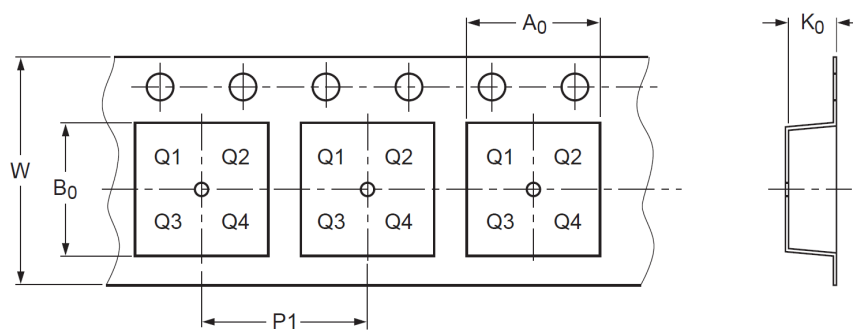
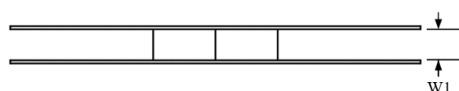
SYMBOL	MIN./mm	TYP./mm	MAX./mm
A	9.00	9.20	9.40
A1	0.33	0.45	0.51
A2	2.54TYP		
A3	1.525TYP		
B	8.40	8.70	9.10
B1	6.20	6.40	6.60
B2	7.32	7.62	7.92
C	3.20	3.40	3.60
C1	0.50	0.60	0.80
C2	3.71	4.00	4.31
D	0.20	0.28	0.36
L	3.00	3.30	3.60



TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers



Direction of Feed →

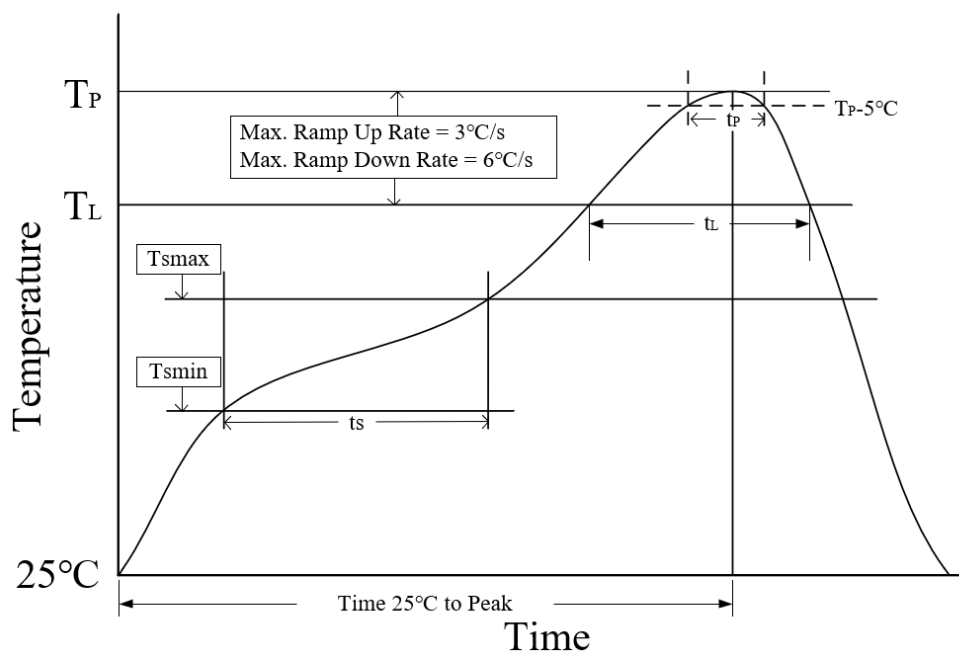
PIN1 is in quadrant 1

Package Type	Reel Diameter A (mm)	Tape width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)
SOP8	330±2	12.4±0.40	6.50±0.1	5.30±0.10	2.05±0.1	8.00±0.1	12.00±0.1

ORDERING INFORMATION

TYPE NUMBER	PACKAGE	PACKING
SIT65HVD232DR	SOP8	Tape and reel
SIT65HVD232P	DIP8	Tube

SOP8 is packed with 2500 pieces/disc in braided packing. DIP8 is packed with 50 pieces/tube in tubed packing.

REFLOW SOLDERING


Parameter	Lead-free soldering conditions
Ave ramp up rate (T_L to T_P)	3°C/second max
Preheat time t_s ($T_{smin}=150^\circ\text{C}$ to $T_{smax}=200^\circ\text{C}$)	60-120 seconds
Melting time t_L ($T_L=217^\circ\text{C}$)	60-150 seconds
Peak temp T_P	260-265°C
5°C below peak temperature t_P	30 seconds
Ave cooling rate (T_P to T_L)	6°C/second max
Normal temperature 25°C to peak temperature T_P time	8 minutes max

Important statement

SIT reserves the right to change the above-mentioned information without prior notice.

VERSION HISTORY

Version number	Data sheet status	Revision Date
V1.0	Initial version.	September 2019
V1.1	Updated the test condition of V_{IT+} and V_{IT-} .	October 2019
V1.2	Added the test circuit of overvoltage protection; Updated SOP8 dimensions; Added tape and reel information; Updated ordering information; Added reflow soldering; Added version history.	February 2023